Ship Fact Sheet

CEYLON (1894)

Base data at 20 July 1894. Last amended November 2008 * indicates entries changed during P&O Group service.

Type P&O Group service P&O Group status Former name(s) Passenger/cargo liner 1894-1913 Owned by parent company

Registered owners, managers and operators

Builders Yard Country Yard number

Registry Official number Signal letters Classification society

Gross tonnage Net tonnage Deadweight*

Length Breadth Depth Draught*

Engines Engine builders Works Country

Power Propulsion Speed

Passenger capacity Cargo capacity* Crew

Employment

Company Sir Raylton Dixon & Co Ltd Middlesbrough

The Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation

Middlesbrough, UK 98785 NLBK Lloyd's Register

4,094 grt 2,637 nrt 5,850 tons

UK

355

114.26m (375.0ft) 14.32m (47.0ft) 8.53m (28.0ft) 7.535m (24.7ft)

Triple-expansion steam engine T Richardson & Sons Hartlepool UK

3,000 ihp Single screw 13.5 knots (service); 14.3 knots (trials)

30 first class 7,507 cubic metres (265,144 cubic feet) 51

London/Far East services

Career

09.04.1894:	Launched, having been purchased by P&O for £62,341 after she had been on the stocks for over a year.
17.07.1894:	Ran trials.
18.07.1894:	Registered.
20.07.1894:	Delivered as <i>Ceylon</i> for The Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company Ltd. Her name is the former English rendering of Sri Lanka, the island off the south-eastern tip of India and part of British India before 1947, formerly used by P&O in 1858. She was an efficient and profitable ship though with a reputation for rolling, finally solved by fitting bilge keels.
26.07.1894:	Maiden voyage to Calcutta. She shipped 3,000 tons of iron and coal in Middlesbrough before completing loading in London.
12.12.1896:	Inward bound from the Far East when she collided with and sank the Norwegian steamer <i>Venezia</i> at about 0930hrs in hazy weather in Lower Hope Reach when outward bound in ballast. The Norwegian ship was coming downstream at speed when she tried to cut across <i>Ceylon</i> 's bows but was hit on the port side, the P&O vessel, which was doing only 3.5 knots, being only slightly damaged. The crew of <i>Venezia</i> were rescued by <i>Ceylon</i> and a tug.
1897:	Escorted the King of Siam from Singapore to Venice in his new yacht.
14.02.1899:	Cargo capacity 6,991 cubic metres (246,909 cubic feet).
22.03.1908:	Ran aground en route from Antwerp to Flushing when hit by a lighter which was herself taking action to avoid another collision. Refloated with little damage.
04.1910:	Deadweight 6,026 tons. Draught 7.643m (25ft 1in).
16.05.1913:	Took on board mails and specie for <i>Assaye</i> which had caught fire in Singapore.
05.1913:	Sold to Kishimoto Kabushiki Kaisha, Japan and renamed Yamata Maru.
n.d.:	Sold to Goshi Kaisha Kishimoto Shokai, Japan.
1915:	Sold to Kawachi Goshi Kaisha, Japan.
n.d.:	Sold to Spanish owners and renamed Moncada.
12.1916:	Sold to the French Government and renamed <i>Depute Pierre Goujon</i> .
12.11.1917:	Torpedoed and sunk off Belle IIe in the Bay of Biscay by the German submarine U103.

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