

BEHAR (1855)

Base data at 21 December 1858. Last amended November 2008 * indicates entries changed during P&O Group service.

Type Passenger liner P&O Group service Passenger liner

P&O Group status Owned by parent company

Former name(s) Laid down as Erie then Barcelona and Barcelone

Registered owners, The Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation

managers and operators Company

Builders John Laird, Sons & Co Ltd

Yard Birkenhead

Country UK Yard number 133

Registry London, UK
Official number 26995
Signal letters PNKQ

Classification society Lloyd's Register

Gross tonnage 1,603 grt Net tonnage 1,090 nrt

Deadweight

 Length
 80.74m (265.0ft)

 Breadth
 11.00m (36.1ft)

 Depth
 7.77m (25.5ft)

Draught

Construction (if not steel) Iron

Engines Direct-acting horizontal steam engines

Engine builders Fawcett, Preston & Co Ltd

Works Liverpool Country UK

Power900 ihpPropulsionSingle screwSpeed11 knots

Passenger capacity Cargo capacity

Crew

Employment Eastern services

Career

n.d.:	Laid down as <i>Erie</i> for the Canadian Steam Navigation Company but
	sold prior to launch.
01.09.1855:	Launched as <i>Barcelona</i> for Linea Vapores Correos Espanoles Trasatlanticos, Spain.
1856:	Sold to Compagnie Franco-Americaine (Gauthier Freres et Cie, managers), France, and renamed <i>Barcelone</i> .
26.11.1858:	Purchased by The Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company together with other ships that became <i>China, Ellora</i> and <i>Orissa</i> .
21.12.1858:	Registered and renamed <i>Behar</i> following a refit by her builders. Behar (or Bihar) is a state of northeast India, for most of British rule part of the Bengal presidency.
27.12.1859:	First of six voyages Southampton/Alexandria.
10.05.1860:	Left Southampton for St Vincent and Bombay.
11.06.1861:	Broke her shaft between Aden and Suez.
10.11.1865:	Broke her shaft again and towed to Penang by <i>Emeu</i> , thence to Singapore by <i>Ottawa</i> . On her return voyage fell in with <i>Emeu</i> which had dropped her screw leaving Bombay and returned the favour.
08/09.1866:	Aground in the Canton River.
07.1868:	Fitted with new boilers at Bombay.
02.11.1871:	Forwarded mails for <i>Rangoon</i> , sunk at Galle.
19.11.1874:	Sold for £19,564 to the Japanese Government and used as a
	troopship during the Formosan Campaign.
02.1875:	Renamed <i>Niigata Maru</i> . One of four ships (two of the others were formerly P&O's <i>Delta</i> and <i>Madras</i>) to open the first Japanese weekly liner service between Yokohama, Kobe, Nagasaki and Shanghai.
1877:	Sold to Mitsubishi Goshi Kaisha, Japan.
1878:	Fitted with compound steam engine by Lobnitz Coulborn and Co, Renfrew.
1885:	Sold to Nippon Yusen Kaisha, Japan.
1894:	Sold to K Owaki, Japan.
1896:	Sold to Oki Kikusaburo, Japan.
1897:	Sold to Yagi Sennosuke, Japan.
1897:	Sold to shipbreakers at Kobe.

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