

MOOLTAN (1923)

Base data at 21 September 1923. Last amended April 2009 * indicates entries changed during P&O Group service.

Type Passenger liner P&O Group service Passenger liner

P&O Group status Owned by parent company

Former name(s)

Registered owners, The Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation

managers and operators Company

Builders Harland & Wolff Ltd

Yard Belfast Country UK Yard number 587

Registry
Official number
Signal letters
Call sign
Belfast, UK
145435
KPNG
GFBC

Classification society Lloyd's Register

Gross tonnage* 20,847 grt
Net tonnage* 12,836 nrt
Deadweight* 12,430 tons

Length 192.78m (625.0ft) loa;183.06m (600.8ft) b/p

 Breadth
 22.36m (73.4ft)

 Depth
 16.03m (52.6ft)

 Draught
 9.723m (31.9ft)

Engines* Quadruple-expansion steam engines

Engine builders Harland & Wolff Ltd

Works Belfast Country UK

Power*13,300 ihpPropulsion*Twin screwSpeed*16 knots

Passenger capacity* 327 first class, 329 second class

Cargo capacity* 20,412 cubic metres (720,960 cubic feet) including

5,984 cubic metres (211,350 cubic feet) insulated

Crew 422

Employment UK/Australia mail service

Career

29.11.1918: 15.02.1923: 21.09.1923:	Ordered. Launched. Ran trials and delivered as <i>Mooltan</i> for The Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company at a cost of £1,566,118. She was the first P&O ship over 20,000 gross tons. P&O sacrificed speed for reliability by not giving <i>Mooltan</i> and her sister <i>Maloja</i> steam turbines, which had been introduced in <i>Naldera</i> and <i>Narkunda</i> in 1920, but they were popular favourites noted for their magnificent steadiness, broad decks and solid comfort, however, their small rudders made handling difficult. All her cabins were above the main deck, all of them had portholes, and there were special suites on the promenade deck in Louis XVI style.
05.10.1923: 1929:	Maiden voyage Tilbury/Bombay. Fitted with British Thompson Houston exhaust-driven electric turbines and motors (not the Bauer-Wach equipment commoner in the P&O fleet) increasing her power to 16,000 ihp and her speed to 17 knots.
11.1929:	Accommodation overhauled and improved. Now 356 first class, 336 second class. Her tonnages now 20,952 grt, 12,823 nrt, 11,700 deadweight tons.
1931:	Accommodation again overhauled and improved.
1938:	Fitted to carry chilled beef.
06.09.1939:	Requisitioned for service as an Armed Merchant Cruiser.
19.09.1939:	Arrived in Belfast to be converted by Harland & Wolff followed by additional attention in London. Her second funnel (a dummy used for engine room ventilation) was removed to improve the arc of fire of her anti-aircraft guns, but later replaced in shorter form. As an AMC she served in the South Atlantic based on Freetown, and had the satisfaction of not losing a single merchant ship in her care.
31.07.1940:	Attacked by a German reconnaissance aircraft in the Western Approaches, while en route Plymouth to Freetown.
26.01.1941:	Returned to P&O for conversion to a troopship by R & H Green & Silley Weir Ltd, Tilbury.
05.1941:	Conversion to a troopship completed on Tyneside. Carried Allied troops in the Middle East Campaign.
07.11.1942:	Took part in the North African landings at Arzew, east of Oran in company with <i>Ettrick</i> .
06.06.1945:	The first P&O passenger ship to enter the Port of London after VE- Day.
16.07.1947:	Returned to P&O and reconditioned for commercial use by her builders.
26.08.1948:	Re-entered commercial service. Now 21,039 grt, carrying 1,030 tourist class passengers. Most outward traffic was Ministry of Transport emigrant work, but P&O's own passengers on the return trip.
04.1949:	Arrived at Tilbury the day after a passenger died of smallpox. Quarantined for three days before disembarkation, but five other

passengers died later.

1951: Cargo capacity now 15,349 cubic metres (542,160 cubic feet) including 4,355 cubic metres (153,810 cubic feet) insulated.

18.11.1953: Last homeward departure from Brisbane.

07.01.1954: Last arrival at Tilbury.

23.01.1954: Sold for £150,000 to British Iron and Steel Corporation (Salvage) Ltd,

and allocated to Metal Industries Ltd for demolition at Faslane.

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